Областная олимпиада школьников 5-8 классов в 2020/2021 учебном году
АНГЛИЙСКИЙ ЯЗЫК
Областной этап
5-6 классы

LISTENING
Time: 15 minutes

Task 1

Listen to the conversation on a safari. Are these sentences *true (T)* or *false (F)*? You will hear the recording twice.

1.	A big monkey can be about a meter tall.	
2.	A monkey is a predatory animal.	
3.	The girl is scared of the monkeys.	
4.	Jaguars are herbivorous.	
5.	There is a snake in a tree.	
6.	Snakes are good at swimming.	
7.	Snakes can bite people.	
8.	Jaguars eat fish, frogs, monkeys.	

Task 2

Listen to the recording about wild animals and fill in the gaps. You will hear the recording twice.

«Wild» animals? Wild [9]_____ usually live in rural areas, far from most people. But there are a lot of wild animals in urban areas, too. Red [10]_____ live in North America, Europe, and Asia. They eat fruit and small animals. Most of them live in rural areas, but some live in cities because it`s easy to find food. In the U.K. there are over 33,000 of them live in cities like London. At night, they are [11]_____ and people can hear them taking food from the trash!

There are [12]_____ million wild [13]_____in Australia. They eat grass and [14]_____. Most of them live in the hot [15]_____ in the center of Australia. In some parts of the country, it doesn’t rain for months or even years. When there isn’t any rain, thirsty animals visit towns to find water. Australians sometimes see them in their neighborhoods.

Transfer your answers into the answer sheet!

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READING
TIME: 15 minutes

Task 3

Read the article and complete the text with the missing sentences A–F. There is one sentence you do not need.

Brotherly love?

According to the website GettingPersonal.co.uk, these problems are not unusual. [16]_____. They argue a lot. In general, teenagers are not worried about their brothers and sisters when things go badly for them. And they are not proud of them when things go well! But most adults are very keen on their brothers and sisters and have a good relationship. So when does the situation change? [17]_____ For example, Madison is 28 years old. Her brother, Tyler, is 26. «I remember big fights, horrible fights with Tyler», says Madison. «But now, our relationship is completely different. [18]_____ We go out together two or three times a month and we have a great time. We are interested in the same things.»

But for teenage brothers and sisters with difficult relationships, what can they do? How can they get on well? Here are a few ideas.

- When your brother or sister uses your things, don't get angry about it – learn to share.
- Imagine your brother or sister is a friend – and be nice!
- Don't tell people your brother or sister's secrets.
- [19]_____.

Of course, the other answer is: just wait ten years!

a. According to the website, the answer is: around the age of 25.
b. But other brothers and sisters get on well from early age.
c. We get on well – and we don't argue.
d. Give your brother or sister some time alone when they need it.
e. Most teenagers have a difficult relationship with their brothers and sisters.

Task 4

Find the words for following definitions in the article.

Example: to speak angrily to someone, telling that person that you disagree with them - argue

20. feeling satisfaction and pleasure because of something that you have achieved, possess - _____

21. to want to give your attention to something and discover more about it - _____

22. to think about problems or unpleasant things that make you anxious - _____

23. to be partly or completely unlike - _____

Transfer your answers into the answer sheet!

USE OF ENGLISH
TIME: 20 minutes

Task 5

Read the text below and decide which answer (A,B,C, or D) best fits each gap. There is an example at the beginning.

Look at this view! I'm at the Eiffel Tower, 276 meters [24]_____ Paris. From here, the streets look [25]_____lines on a map. In the distance, I can [26]_____the modern buildings at La Defense. Nearer to me, the buildings are older. That's the Arc de Triomphe. There's the Louvre Museum by the river. Down in the street, tiny cars and buses are driving along. Everything looks so small! Now I share my head from side to side – and day becomes night! I can see the lights all across the city. It's beautiful!

[27]_____? Let me explain. I wasn't really in Paris! It was a «virtual» visit. I loved it. I want to visit again! This is [28] _____ it works: you need a VR (virtual reality) headset. The best ones [29]_____ hundreds of dollars. But you can get a

cardboard VR headset for 10 dollars! With the cardboard VR headsets, you just download a VR app and put your smartphone into the headset – and that's it! You can «go» anywhere: you can «walk» [30] _____ Copacabana beach, «surf» in Australia, and then «ride a motorcycle» around Las Vegas. And you can [31]_____ all of that in one afternoon after school, without flying or driving [32]_____. You can even watch VR pop videos. And [33]_____ you buy the app and the headset, it's all for free!

24	A	above	B	under	C	on	D	around
25	A	as	B	so	C	like	D	how
26	A	look	B	watch	C	see	D	view
27	A	Confused	B	Confuse	C	Confusing	D	Confusion
28	A	who	B	where	C	when	D	how
29	A	sell	B	cost	C	pay	D	buy
30	A	along	B	in	C	at	D	around
31	A	make	B	be	C	go	D	do
32	A	anywhere	B	somewhere	C	something	D	nowhere
33	A	while	B	once	C	always	D	before

Task 6

Complete the story with the verb in brackets (1 – 11) in the correct tense.

Sometimes people get into funny situations. And each person **(0) __behaves__**(behave) in a different way. Yesterday something very strange **(34)** _____(happen) to me too. I **(35)** _____(pick up) the phone to make a call and found out that I **(36)** _____(listen) to a conversation between two strangers. They **(37)** _____(talk) about attacking the president. I immediately **(38)** _____(phone) the police who **(39)** _____(trace) the two men and **(40)** _____(question) them. It (41) _____(turn out) that they were actors and they **(42)** _____(practise) their lines on the phone! I **(43)** _____(feel) very silly, but the actors **(44)** _____(give) me tickets to their play as they were so pleased I had really believed them.

Task 7

Complete the sentences with phrasal verbs.

off	**on**	**away**	**back**	**out**	**up**

We **went** [45]_____ last week – to San Diego. It is 5,000 kilometers from Boston by car, so we flew. My uncle lives in San Diego and he has a really big car. Hi **picked** [46]_____ the whole family at the airport – there are six of us! We had an awesome week. We **went** [47]_____ every day and visited a lot of cool places. On the way back last night, the plane **took** [48]_____ three hours late. We **got** [49]_____ to our house at 2 a.m.! I was really tired when I **got** [50]_____ the bus to school this morning. I almost went to sleep!

WRITING
TIME: 20 minutes

Task 8

You recently received an email from your friend, Ben. Read part of his email and write your reply to Ben.

Last month I went to the Zoo. There is a large Zoo in my city. I like to go there because I like to watch monkeys running and jumping. They are so funny!
Is there a Zoo in your city? Do you often visit it? What are your favourite animals there?
Best wishes,
Ben

Write your email in about 100 words. Include these points:

- Thank Ben for his email.
- Ask Ben about his visiting a Zoo.
- Say him if there is a Zoo in your city.
- Say him how often you visit it.
- Tell about your favourite animals there.